Climate Leader Communities

- 1. New DOER program for Green Communities.
- 2. Required to access funding for:
 - studying, designing, constructing and implementing energy efficiency measures and projects;
 - procuring energy management services;
 - adopting energy efficiency policies; and,
 - siting activities related to and construction of renewable energy generating facilities with battery storage on municipally owned property.

Requirements to be a Climate Leader Community

- 1. Be a Green Community.
- 2. Have a Sustainability Committee.
- 3. Commit to eliminate on-site fossil fuel use by 2050 (municipal buildings/operations).
- 4. Create a municipal decarbonization roadmap.
 - DOER will offer technical assistance
- 5. Adopt a Zero-Emission Vehicle first policy.
- 6. Adopt the Specialized Opt-In building code.

Passive House





Specialized vs Stretch code - Residential Low-Rise

Energy Source(s)	Home Size	Stretch code (July 2024)	Specialized Code
All Electric New Homes	Any Size home	HERS 45 or Passivehouse	
Mixed-Fuel New Homes	Under 4,000 sq ft	HERS 42	+Solar PV (min 4kw) + wiring for electrification
	4,000 sq ft and over	HERS 42	+ Solar PV (to net-zero) + wiring for electrification
	Any	Passivehouse option	+ wiring for electrification
Home additions & alterations	Any	Same as Stretch code	



Specialized vs Stretch code – what's different? Commercial Buildings:

Building Type	Fuel Type	Stretch code (July 2024)	Specialized Code
Schools, Offices, Municipal buildings	All Electric	Thermal Energy Demand Intensity (TEDI) or Passive house	
	Mixed Fuel	TEDI or Passive house	TEDI + Solar PV or Passive house + wiring for electrification
Other Commercial (over 20,000 sf)	All Electric	ASHRAE or TEDI or Passive house	
	Mixed Fuel	ASHRAE or TEDI or Passive house	ASHRAE + Solar or TEDI + Solar or Passive house + wiring for electrification

Solar PV in Specialized code

- Required:
 - Using Fossil fuels
 - Using Net Zero path
- Optional:
 - All-electric building
- Exceptions for shaded sites can reduce min. size





- All-electric homes are generally cheaper to build Heat Pump(s) replaces both Central A/C + Furnace(s)
- Mass Save: 1-4 unit all-electric homes \$15,000 for HERS 45 single-family \$25,000 for HERS 35 / Passive House single-family
- Mass Save: multi-family Passivehouse \$3,000 per unit plus design study funding
- Federal IRA:

\$2,500 or \$5,000/home from 45L tax credit: (aligned with HERS) up to \$6/sqft from 179D tax credit for commercial & multi-family

<u>https://www.masssave.com/saving/residential-rebates/all-electric-home</u> <u>https://www.masssave.com/saving/residential-rebates/passive-house-incentives</u>



1 Does the Opt-In Specialized Code apply to existing structures?

No. Improvements to existing structures, depending on size, are regulated by the Updated Stretch Code and Base Code.

2 Will the Opt-In-Specialized Code discourage the creation of affordable housing?

No. Incentives will continue to encourage affordable housing while the Opt-In Specialized Code delivers benefits for residents.

3 Is it possible to install a gas cooktop?

Yes. This is permitted under the Mixed Fuel pathways.

4 Why adopt the Opt-In Specialized Code?

The #1 reason is that it requires pre-wiring, avoiding costly retrofits down the road and expediting electrification.

5 Why does the Opt-In Specialized Code permit fossil fuels?

It preserves market choice at a time when utility pricing is highly volatile and utility costs vary 300% among MA communities. "Net zero" definitions vary widely.